History Progression Map

Essential knowledge for an historian:	Essential skills for a historian:
 Knowledge of significant periods, concepts, people and events in history. 	• The ability to investigate and explain the impact of historical events.
 Knowledge of chronology of events in the past. 	• The ability to use, represent and question a range of sources and evidence
 Knowledge of key aspects of world, British and local history. 	 The ability to communicate, reflect, debate and discuss the past.

The teaching of history should develop a passion and enthusiasm for the past to inform their understanding of the present.

Recall Apply Understand Connect	EYFS	Key Stage 1	Lower Key Stage 2	
Historical overview.	 Begin to make sense of their own life story and family's history Comment on images of familiar situations in the past Talk about the lives of people around them and their roles in society Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling 	 Describe historical events and significant people from the past. Recognise that there are reasons why people in the past acted as they did. Compare some aspects of life in different periods. 	 Describe changes that have happened locally. Give an overview of what life was like in Britain and the wider world during specific periods. Investigate what life was like for people during different periods in history. Make comparisons between periods studied. Begin to consider reasons for different accounts in history and distinguish fact from opinion. 	 Identify local cor how we live now Create structure political, cultural Investigate conn wider world durin Consider and ex (e.g. men, wome Make detailed co attitudes and ex
Significant historical events, people and concepts	Remembering and discussing their own lives People, culture and communities Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts, and maps. Being imaginative and expressive Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher Past and present Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class	 The Great Fire of London. Toys from the past. Explorers. Events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries (e.g. jubilees, local anniversaries, Royal events, memorial etc). Study of lives of significant individuals who have contributed to national and international achievements e.g. Florence Nightingale, Elizabeth I, Mary Seacole, Queen Victoria, Guy Fawkes. Henry VIII. 	 British: Invaders and settlers – Vikings, Saxons. Tudors and Stewarts Changes in Britain Stone age to Iron age. Roman Empire and the impact on Britain. Local history study. World War I and II. Victorians, British Empire, Industrial revolution The plague Normans – Battle of Hastings. 	World: Ancient G Ancient E Ancient Cl Dinosaurs
Key Vocab	People, special, story, same, different Use words associated with the past including yesterday, last week, last year Use past tense when speaking about things that happened in the past	nation, civilisation, monarchy, democracy, parliament, war, battle, peace, change, period, living memory, historical, compare, chronology/chronological,	civilisation, monarchy, democracy, parliament, sources, compare, contrast, impact, society, attitudes, experiences, cultural, viewpoints, reflect, invasion, conquest, rule, settlement, withdrawl, kingdoms, conversion, rise and fall, reign, struggle, laws, justice, aspects, locality, crime, punishment, epidemic, pandemic, peasantry, empire, reign	Continuity, legacy, political



nce.

Upper Key Stage 2

continuity and change over time and the impact this had on now.

ured accounts of what life was like, including social, ethnic, and religious aspects of historical periods.

onnections, contrasts and trends over time in Britain and the luring specific periods.

l explain different accounts and viewpoints, considering bias omen, children, different religions, countries etc).

d comparisons between periods, **including ideas, beliefs,** d **experiences.**

t Greeks.

- t Egypt.
- t China
- urs

cy, biased, unbiased, resistance, endemic, industry, revolution,

Recall Apply Understand Connect	<u>EYFS</u>	Key Stage 1	Lower Key Stage 2	
Investigation and interpretation	 Talking about things they have done with people that are special to them Listening Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class and small group interactions. Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding Speaking Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including the use of past, present, and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from the teacher. 	 Use evidence to ask and answer questions about the past. Ask questions such as: What was it like for people? How long ago?) Use sources to find out about the past. Identify some of the different ways that the past has been recorded and represented. 	 Use research and evidence to deduce and infer information about the past. Ask questions such as: How was different to? How does compare to?? Appropriately select and use a range of sources to find out about the past. Describe different accounts of an historical event, explaining some of the reasons why the accounts may differ. Suggest causes and consequences of some of the main events and changes in history. 	 Use research a refining lines of Ask perceptive and wh Appropriately se out about the part out about the part of the bias and social Suggest causes changes in history
Sources	Pictures Paintings Photographs Stories Artefacts	 Artefacts – fossils, Pictures – photographs, artwork, tapestry Stories – fiction, Online sources – websites, newsclips, online journals Databases - graphs, surveys, census, Doomsday book Written account - diary accounts Eyewitness testimony – video testimony, diaries, extracts Music and plays 		
Key Vocab	Sources, special, people, question,	significant, experiences, sources, viewpoint, identify, recorded, represented, artefact, account, describe, research, reason, explain, question	testimony, eyewitness, retrieve, cause, consequence, appropriate, select, interpret, accounts, explain, question, differing, influence, changes, impact, suggest, social, enquiry	Rigorous, analysis unbiased, propaga
Understanding chronology	 Past and present Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling 	 Place events and artefacts in order on a timeline. Label timelines with words and phrases such as past, present, older, newer, recently, before and after. Recount changes that have occurred in their own lives in order. Use dates where appropriate. 	 Place events, artefact and historical figures on a timeline, using dates. Recount and explain change over time, representing this with evidence on a time line. Use dates and specific terms to describe events. 	 Place events dates, with scale. Describe social, rel Identify put times of s Understal represent Use dates
Key Vocab	Past, present, changes Use words associated with the past including yesterday, last week, last year Use past tense when speaking about things that happened in the past	A long time ago, recently, years, decades, past, present, older, newer, before and after.	Era, centuries, millennium, ancient, period, chronology, age (e.g. Stone Age), period, reign of.	Stability, relative



Together we believe, together we succeed

Upper Key Stage 2

and evidence to deduce and infer information about the past of enquiry appropriately.

re question such as: What if? What was for____compared to why? What was the impact of?

select, use, analyse and evaluate a range of sources to find past, giving reasons for the selection.

erent accounts of an historical event, considering propaganda, al context.

ses and consequences of some of the main events and story and discuss their wider impact on life and society.

sis, causal, deduce, infer, perspective, perceptive, imply, bias, ganda, context, economic, evaluate

events, artefact and historical figures on a timeline, using with a wider understanding of where events fit on a larger

be the main changes in a period of history, using terms such as religious, political, industrial, technological and cultural. If periods of rapid change in history and contrast them with f stability.

stand the concept of continuity and change over time,

enting them on a timeline, along with evidence, on a time line. tes and terms accurately when describing events.

tively, continuity, evidence, changes, representations.